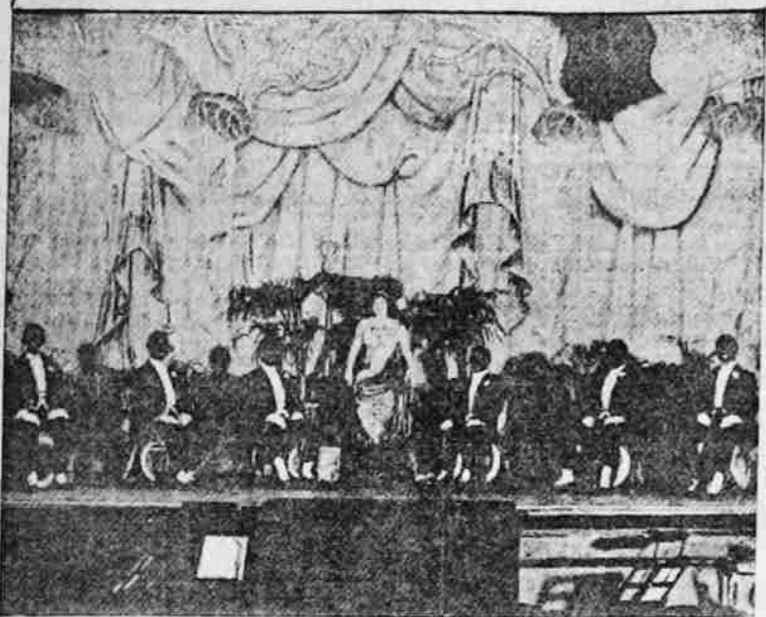


## BIG PANTAGES BILL TOMORROW



## CARMAN'S MINSTRELS, BIG FEATURE ACT ON NEW BILL AT THE ORPHEUM TOMORROW

There's a merry musical mélange of mirth, feminine beauty, masculine cleverness and all-round good vaudeville at the Pantages this week, as a result of the sending to Ogden by Alexander Pantages of one of the highest salaried all-star bills of vaudeville seen here in months.

Variety features include such acts as Norine Carman's Minstrels, Grace Cameron, Andy Lewis and company presenting "The Duke," Betts' trained seals, Carlie and Schettler in songs and music, the La Scala Sextet in grand opera selections and another chapter of "The Girl and the Game."

Miss Cameron's arrival is a distinct triumph of Alexander Pantages' rare skill at securing the best and the biggest attractions in the amusement world for exclusive presentation on his circuit. Miss Cameron is heard in an Eva Tanguay number. This is followed by an impersonation

of a country girl, a "kid" and she also introduces the character that had so much to do with her success, "Dolly Dimples."

Betts' seals is the most remarkable act of the sort in vaudeville. These creatures have been educated by Professor Betts in a way that is seemingly impossible.

Norine Carman's Minstrels present an act that it filled with fun and songs. Miss Carman has surrounded herself with a group of clever entertainers.

The veteran comedian, Andy Lewis, appears in the uproariously funny farce "The Duke," supported by Miss Vera George and Jack Martin.

Carlie and Schettler present some new songs and sayings and violin work and the special added features on the bill is the appearance of the La Scala sextet in selections from "Rigoletto," "Carman," "Lucia" and other operas.—Advertisement.

THREE SURE-THING MANY PAY TRIBUTE TO  
MEN FORFEIT  
THEIR BAIL  
MEMORY OF  
TEACHER

Mark Franklin, A. B. Clark and G. Williams, charged with vagrancy, each forfeited \$25 bail in the municipal court this morning. They were arrested last week by Detective Chambers and Syphers, following an alleged attempt to lead an eastern tourist into a "bunco" game.

James F. Sullivan was sentenced to serve ten days in jail, for attempting to sell jewelry without a license. The jewelry was of the "phony" type and Sullivan became abusive in his efforts to sell it, being under the influence of liquor when arrested by Patrolman James Hearn.

Davy Jones and Tom McDonald, drunks, were each sentenced to serve five days in jail. Thomas Roberts, an alleged drunk, forfeited \$5 bail.

H. Brown, 53 years of age, was found guilty of disturbing the peace and given a 10-day jail sentence. He was arrested by Patrolman Hearn on lower 15th street, after he had used abusive language toward a woman store-keeper in that locality.

E. R. Muller, a persistent "moocher," was also handed a ten-day sentence. He was arrested by Detective chambers.

Children admitted free tonight if accompanied by parents. "Burton Holmes' Travels," Alhambra.

## AMUSEMENTS

## TONIGHT

Orpheum—Lila Eccles in "Kindling."

Alhambra—Motion pictures.

Ogden—Motion pictures.

Utah—Motion pictures.

Lycium—Motion pictures.

Rex—Motion pictures. Open Saturday and Sunday only.

Social, Fraternal Societies.

Christian Aid Society—Mrs. S. S. Harpster.

Regular Tea—Maid's and Matrons' club.

B. P. O. E. Informal Dance.

Ladies' Literary Society—Mrs. P. T. Herdt.

Stated Fraternal Meetings.

Modern Woodmen, No. 990.

F. O. Eagles, No. 118.

Women of Woodcraft, 581.

Church Meetings.

Ogden Stake Religion Class, 4 p. m.

M. L. A. all wards, 7:30 p. m.

Primary Associations, all wards.

Emmanuel Class—Gould Hall.

Christian Church Members—Mrs. C. C. Berringer.

Passion Week—Methodist church.

Bring the whole family tonight, pay for adults only, Alhambra. Last time to see "The Heart of Paula."

ATTENTION, ELKS

Last dance of the season for Elks only, in Lodge Hall, tonight. Informal.

Read the Classified Ads.

Mourning by hundreds of close friends, including principals, teachers and students in schools of Ogden and Salt Lake, the body of Josephine Chambers was laid at rest yesterday afternoon in the Ogden City cemetery.

Funeral services for the beloved and talented educator, who died Sunday, were held in Salt Lake yesterday noon in the Emerson ward chapel, under the direction of Bishop George Arbuckle. The Ensign school, of which Miss Chambers had been principal, was closed for three hours, and the flags on thirty of the public school buildings of the city were at halfmast for two hours. The chapel was thronged with friends and the floral tributes were elaborate and profuse. A. W. Parrott offered the invocation, and the eulogies were delivered by D. H. Christensen, superintendent of the

public schools of Salt Lake, and Chas. B. Felt. Both speakers extolled the beautiful life and high attainments of Miss Chambers, dwelling upon her faithfulness, zeal, talent and lofty ideals. The Imperial quartette, under the direction of Fred C. Graham, sang "Abide With Me," "Come, Ye Disciples," "The Christian's Goodnight" and "Beautiful Isle of Somewhere." The benediction was pronounced by William J. Newman.

A written eulogy on the life of the deceased, from the pen of Apostle David O. McKay, formerly head of the Weber academy and a close friend of Miss Chambers and the Chambers family, paying an eloquent tribute to her as one who had accomplished a worthy mission in life, was read, as were also the following resolutions adopted by the Principals' association of Salt Lake City:

"To the Great Beyond has passed another of our day, Miss Josephine Chambers. In this we, the principals of Salt Lake City schools, are called upon to suffer the loss of a beloved member of our association."

"We are bereft of a dear friend and cheerful companion, whose conscientious devotion to duty was an inspiration."

"The rich legacy of her noble life so devoted to the work of her chosen profession we shall cherish with a keen sense of gratitude."

"To her relatives we extend our heartfelt sympathy and would share the sorrow they feel in the loss of a life so full of sympathy and love."

"THE PRINCIPALS' ASSOCIATION OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF SALT LAKE CITY."

"OSCAR VAN COTT, President."

"OLIVE FERRIS, Secretary."

Following the service in the Emerson chapel, the body was brought to Ogden, arriving here shortly after 2 o'clock. The train was met at the depot by many friends and relatives of Miss Chambers and an automobile cortege nearly two blocks in length followed the hearse to the city cemetery, where the body was placed in the grave.

At the cemetery, where another large crowd of sorrowing friends had gathered, funeral services were held under the direction of Bishop O. M. Sanderson. Apostle McKay's letter of eulogy was again read by President Thomas E. McKay, who also delivered a personal eulogy and an impressive funeral sermon. Special music was furnished by Miss Annie Williamson and Douglass Brian, who sang "Near My God, to Thee," "Who Are These Arayed in White" and "Somewhere."

Patriarch George W. Larkin pronounced the dedicatory prayer and the grave was banked with floral tributes.

ANITA KING COMES TOMORROW

During the picturization of the Jesse L. Lasky Feature Play company's production of "The Race," to be seen at the Alhambra on tomorrow in which Victor Moore is to star, supported by Anita King, The Paramount Girl, and an all-star cast, betting was two to one at the studio that the principals would not finish their picture whole. In the first two days they had four mishaps. The first day Victor Moore was arrested for driving with his muffler open. The same day while Miss King was trying out the racer which had been loaned by Barney Oldfield, famous racing driver, she skidded on a slippery street and slew a "4d." The next day while watching an explosion, Miss King was struck in the side by a flying piece of rock and knocked down. It was thought at first two ribs were broken and she was rushed to the hospital. Fortunately she suffered only a bad bruise. Percy Hilbourn, the photographer, was also knocked down by the force of the explosion, but fortunately the camera was unharmed.—Advertisement.

Deaths and Funerals

CASEY—Funeral services for Mrs. James G. Casey will be held tomorrow at 2 p. m. in the Kirkendall chapel, under the auspices of the Christian Science church. Interment Mountain View cemetery.

WRIGHT—The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Wright died last night at the family residence, 2742 Pacific avenue. A private funeral

service was held for the babe at 4 o'clock this afternoon in the Larkin & Sons' chapel and interment was in the city cemetery.

COVEY—Earl Mack Covey died of stomach trouble Tuesday morning at 5:10 o'clock at the Dee hospital. He had been ill about one week. Mr. Covey was born in Salt Lake, March 8, 1881, the son of Hyrum and Ellen P. Covey. He was married to Miss Lulu Henderson in Ogden, October, 1908. Beside his wife and father, three children survive as follows: Jennie, Norman and Myra Covey; also the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. Priscilla Thompson, Richmond, Utah, John Covey, Mrs. Kate Corbett, Mrs. Myra Craighead, Mrs. Mabel Pitcher of Smithfield, Frank Covey, Idaho Falls, Roy Covey, Ogden, Miss Nellie Crowthers of Black Pine, Idaho, and Mrs. Ivy Summers of Hyde Park, Utah. Mr. Covey formerly worked for the Mountain States Telephone company. Funeral services will be conducted by Bishop M. B. Richardson Thursday at 2 p. m. at Lindquist's chapel. Remains may be viewed at the undertaker's parlors, Wednesday and Thursday to funeral hour. Interment Ogden City cemetery.

Funeral designs and flowers for all occasions. City Floral Co., 413-24th street. Phone 1603.

Call FOUR-ONE-ONE, where the flower grow; cut flowers, floral designs. Weber Floral Co., 740-28th St.—Advertisement.

FUNERAL designs, cut flowers, bedding plants, lowest cash prices. Ogden Wholesale Florists, Phone 325-W, or 62, Grand 1/2 blk. north of 17th St.—Advertisement.

ATTENTION, EAGLES

On Wednesday evening, April 19, Brother William A. Peters, President Inter Mountain District Aerie, will pay us a fraternal visit. Matters of great importance pertaining to our new home will be discussed. You are urged to be present.

T. S. SHATOHNESSY, W. P. E. R. GEIGER, Secretary.

See Charlie Chaplin as a seaman in a special two-reel knockout comedy. Utah, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

ULTIMATUM IS SENT TO GERMANY

(Continued from Page 1.)

"What has actually happened in the year which has since elapsed, has shown that those hopes were justified, those assurances inescapable of being fulfilled. In pursuance of the policy of submarine warfare against the commerce of its adversaries, thus announced and entered upon by the Imperial German government, in spite of the solemn protest of this government, the commanders of German undersea vessels have attacked merchant ships with greater and greater activity, not only upon the high seas that surround Great Britain and Ireland, but wherever they could encounter them, in a way that has grown more and more ruthless, more and more indiscriminate as the months have gone by, less and less observant of restraints of any kind; and have delivered their attacks without compunction against vessels of every nationality and bound upon every sort of errand. Vessels of neutral ownership, even vessels of neutral ownership bound from neutral port to neutral port, have been destroyed along with vessels of belligerent ownership in constantly increasing numbers. Sometimes the merchantman attacked has been warned, and summoned to surrender, before being fired on, or torpedoed; sometimes passengers or crews have been vouchsafed the poor security of being allowed to take to the ship's boats before she was sent to the bottom. But again and again, no warning had been given; no escape even to the ship's boats, allowed those on board."

"What this government foresaw must happen, has happened. Tragedy has followed tragedy on the seas in such fashion, with such attendant circumstances, as to make it grossly evident that warfare of such a sort, if warfare it be, cannot be carried on without the most palpable violation of the dictates, alike, of right and humanity. Whatever the disposition and intention of the Imperial German government, it has manifestly proved impossible for it to keep such methods of attack upon the commerce of its enemies within the bounds set by either the reason or the heart of mankind."

Acts of German Government.

"In February, of the present year, the Imperial German government informed this government and the other neutral governments of the world that it had reason to believe that the government of Great Britain had armed all merchant vessels of British ownership, and had given them secret orders to attack any submarine of the enemy they might encounter upon the seas, and that the Imperial Ger-

man government felt justified in the circumstances in treating all merchantmen of belligerent ownership as auxiliary vessels of war, which it would have the right to destroy without warning. The law of nations has long recognized the right of merchantmen to carry arms for protection and to use them to repel attack, though to their own risk; but the Imperial German government claimed the right to set these understandings aside under circumstances which it deemed extraordinary. Even the terms in which it announced its purpose thus still further to relax the restraints it had previously professed its willingness and desire to put upon the operations of its submarines carried the plain implication that at least vessels which were not armed would still be exempt from destruction without warning, that personal safety would be accorded their passengers and crews; but even that limitation, if it was ever practicable to observe it, has in fact, constituted no check at all upon the destruction of ships of every sort."

"Again and again the Imperial German government has given this government its solemn assurances that at least passenger ships would not be thus dealt with, and yet it has again and again permitted its undersea commanders to disregard those assurances with entire impunity. Great liners like the Lusitania and the Arabic and more ferryboats like the Sussex have been attacked without a moment's warning, sometimes before they had even become aware that they were in the presence of an armed vessel of the enemy, and the lives of non-combatants, passengers and crews have been sacrificed wholesale in a manner which the government of the United States cannot but regard as wanton and without the slightest color of justification. No limit of any kind has in fact been set to the indiscriminate pursuit and destruction of merchantmen of all kinds and nationalities, within waters, constantly, extending in areas, where these operations have been carried on; and the roll of Americans who have lost their lives on ships thus attacked and destroyed has grown month by month until the ominous toll has mounted into the hundreds."

Latest Shocking Incident.

"One of the latest and most shocking instances of this method of warfare was that of the destruction of the French cross-channel steamer Sussex. It must stand forth as so singularly tragical and unjustifiable as to constitute a truly terrible example of the inhumanity of submarine warfare as the commanders of German vessels have for the past twelve months been conducting it. If this incident stood alone some explanation, some disclaimer by the German government, some evidence of criminal mistake or wilful disobedience on the part of the commander of the vessel that fired the torpedo might be sought or entertained; but, unhappily, it does not stand alone. Recent events make the conclusion inevitable that it is only one instance, of the spirit and method of warfare which the Imperial German government has adopted, and which, from the first, has posed that government to the reproach of thrusting all neutral rights aside in pursuit of its immediate objects."

United States Has Been Patient.

"The government of the United States has been very patient. At every stage of this distressing experience of tragedy after tragedy, in which its own citizens were involved, it has sought to be restrained by any extreme course of action, or of protest by a thoughtful consideration of the extraordinary circumstances of this unprecedented war, and actuated in all that it said or did by the sentiments of genuine friendship which the people of the United States always have entertained and continue to entertain toward the German nation. It has of course accepted the successive explanations and assurances of the Imperial German government as given, in entire sincerity and good faith, and has hoped, even against hope, that it would prove to be possible for the German government so to order and control the acts of its naval commanders as to square its policy with the principles of humanity as embodied in the law of nations. It has been willing to wait until the significance of the facts became absolutely unmistakable and susceptible of but one interpretation."

Breaking Point Reached.

"That point has now unhappily been reached. The facts are susceptible of but one interpretation. The Imperial German government has not been able to put any limits or restraints upon its warfare against either freight or passenger ships. It has, therefore, become painfully evident that the position which this government took at the very outset is inevitable, namely, that the use of submarines for the destruction of any enemy's commerce is of necessity, because of the very character of the vessels employed and the very methods of attack, which their employment of course involves, incompatible with the principles of humanity, the long established and incontestable rights of neutrals, and the sacred immunities of non-combatants."

"I have deemed it my duty, there-

fore, to say to the Imperial German government that, if it is still its purpose to prosecute relentless and indiscriminate warfare against vessels of commerce by the use of submarines, notwithstanding the now demonstrated impossibility of conducting that warfare in accordance with what the government of the United States must consider the sacred and indisputable rules of international law and the universally recognized dictates of humanity, the government of the United States is at last forced to the conclusion that there is but one course it can pursue, and that unless the Imperial German government should not immediately declare and effect an abandonment of its present methods of warfare, against passenger and freight carrying vessels, this government can have no choice but to sever diplomatic relations with the government of the German empire altogether."

"This decision, I have arrived at with the keenest regret; the possibility of the action contemplated, I am sure, all thoughtful Americans will look forward to with unaffected reluctance. But, we cannot forget that we are in some sort, and by the force of circumstances, the responsible spokesmen of the rights of humanity, and that we cannot remain silent while those rights seem in process of being swept utterly away in the maelstrom of this terrible war. We owe it to a due regard for our own rights as a nation, to our sense of duty as a representative of the rights of neutrals, the world over, and to a just conception of the rights of mankind, to take this stand now with the utmost solemnity, and firmness."

Final Step Taken.

"I have taken it, and taken it in the confidence that it will meet with your approval and support. All sober-minded men must unite in hoping that the Imperial German government, which has in other circumstances stood as the champion of all that we are now contending for in the interest of humanity, may recognize the justice of our demands and meet them in the spirit in which they are made."

See the sensational Triangle feature, "Hell's Hinges," at The Ogden tonight.

MARTIAL LAW IS DECLARED

New York State Troops Called to Quell Rioting at Hastings-on-Hudson.

Strikers Stone Shops and Fire Revolvers—Plant Demands Protection for \$2,000,000 in War Munitions.

Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., April 19.—Martial law was declared within the limits of Hastings village and state troops were called upon to do duty today after rioting had assumed serious proportions among strikers of the National Conduit and Cable company. A mob attacked the company's plant with bullets and stones.

The trustees of the village voted to place the situation in the hands of the sheriff, who at once summoned the national guardsmen at White Plains, Mount Vernon and Flushing. Sheriff Weisendanger suspended the sale of intoxicants and closed all saloons and ordered on duty the deputies withdrawn yesterday.

The troops were called out under a law recently passed authorizing a sheriff to take such action in an emergency without first conferring with the governor.

After stoning the shops the strikers and their sympathizers jostled train commuters in the streets, drew revolvers, and fired into the air, and at the plant. No one was injured during the attack.

President J. P. Goodwin of the village explained that the sheriff had been called upon because the company which manufactures munitions of war demanded protection for its \$2,000,000 plant and there are only six village officers.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of J. C. H. Hittner

THE OLD RELIABLE

SMITHSONIAN

The best commercial school between Denver and the coast, is now enrolling pupils for the spring term. Enter now and get ready for a good course next year.

ASK FOR and GET

HORLICK'S

THE ORIGINAL

MALTED MILK

Cheap substitutes cost YOU same price.

For JITNEY SERVICE—PHONE 114

What Is Most Dangerous Risk?  
GUILTY AFFECTIONS, SAY LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES  
On Par with Handling Dynamite

BY JACK JUNGMEYER

(Staff Correspondent)  
Seattle, Wash., April 10.—Guilty affections are as dangerous as dynamite, in the estimation of life insurance companies.

None of the established concerns are willing to accept the risk on the love phillanderer or the violator of the seventh commandment.

Death by violence, say the coldly calculating actuaries, is too probable.

It is the commercial world's tribute to clean living.

"We regard the moral hazard as equally important with the physical condition of an applicant," said Robert B. Boynes, for 15 years with one of the big insurance companies, and former president of the Commercial Club here.

"Illicit affections are a bad sinister. Policies are not issued to persons whose private life will not bear the moral spotlight."

"And every applicant, whether he knows it or not," continued Boynes, "is secretly investigated on this score."

"In every large city a corps of special investigators is maintained for that purpose. They keep tabs on the private affairs of policy holders as well as applicants."

"A few days ago I threw a \$20,000 policy request into the waste basket because the man's morals proved to be rotten."

"The public doesn't realize how much business life insurance companies reject for this reason—hundreds of thousands of dollars annually."

"From our standpoint it pays to live a clean life. Indeed, it is imperative."

Insurance companies agree that the "scarlet road" is one of the most perilous hazards a man or woman can take. Examining physicians, agents and detectives in their employ are constantly admonished to ascertain the applicant's possible secret transgressions.

In the category of high moral hazard come not alone love piracy, but drinking and gambling.



Scene from "The Scarlet Road," dealing with love philanderings.

"Plunging—heavy speculation," added Boynes, "is very dangerous from our standpoint. The man who plunges is quite apt to overstep, face ruin and kill himself."

"It ought to be apparent why life insurance companies cannot accept the high chances of death

involved in loose living.

"In the first place we could not impose upon the morally clean the high premium necessary if we should take the risks presented by those who transgress the laws of God and man, and who court the grim consequences."